The Blair County Whig.

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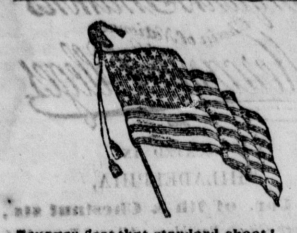
By John Brotherline. HOLLIDAYSBURG, BLAIR COUNTY, PA., SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1863. Established 1846.

OUR FLAG FOREVER.



Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

For the Whi

The Sleeping Brave.

Arouse my Muse to solemn song,
In honor of Job Miller and Paul Long
Who with young Gibbony of Duncansvi e,
Are living in our memory still.
When they beheld the coming strife,
They left their homes of early life,
And marched right valiantly and brave,
To check Rebellion's surging wave.
They fell before the rolling flood,
And for their country shed their blood;
Death gave these Patriots their release,
Ere they beheld the beams of peace.
The rolling drum and cannon's roar,
Shall now salute their ears no more;
The whistling fife and rifle's crack,
Can never call their spirits back.
With these brave spirits each,
Is numbered, also, Leo Keech,
William Crawford, of Frankstown,
Whose sun of life went early down.
Farewell! brave spirits! sweetly sleep,
Till the Archangel standing on the Deep,
And on the Earth, at the end of Time,
Shall call you to a peaceful clime.

MILIWAL.

THE WHIG.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1863.

Letter from Sergeant Keatley.

No. 8.

CAMP NEAR FAIRFAX STATION, Va., December 26, 1862.

DEAR SIR:—This cloudy afternoon I am sitting in a dog tent made of rubber blankets, writing you a letter. The last I wrote you, if I am not mistaken, was dated in what used to be called New Virginia—this one is dated away down in "Old Virginia." Since the last, we have passed over a great deal of ground in marching hither. The brigade has been down near Dumfries, in the neighborhood of Fredericksburg, some of us in Alexandria, and all have got back to this desolate corner of creation. Rebellion has trodden this region with its cloven foot until every vestige of civilization has disappeared.—Fairfax Station is 17 miles from Alexandria, and 4 miles southeast of Fairfax Court House. The "Station" is a hole cut out of the pines to allow the unloading of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad cars, which are now the property of the United States, and are marked U. S. M. R. R.

The greater part of this country has at one time been under cultivation, but by reason of improper use of the soil it has become exhausted—thrown to waste, and is now nearly all covered with low scrub-by pines, large enough to make logs for winter quarters. Our camp is in the thick woods three-quarters of a mile from the "Station." We are engaged this afternoon in clearing an open space in the timber to have room for our tents. We have been ordered to erect comfortable quarters. The forenoon was spent in a grand brigade review in the presence of Gen. Kane, and a fine appearance the troops made. Three thousand or more of well-clad soldiers all in good spirits, is a sight not to be smiled at. But it takes all the martial pride out of us soldiers to march around a field of 75 acres two or three times. We would have no objections to our being made spectators of the scene, but as to being made the actors in the grand military farce we have serious objections.

Nothing new has occurred in this vicinity since we came here. The Christmas holidays are passing away, and we are scarcely aware of it. On Thursday morning a New York sutler came into camp with his wares, consisting of tobacco, pipes, cakes, honey, molasses, &c., &c., and after disposing of a portion at exorbitant prices, the boys, thinking that too small a quantity of merchandize was purchasable for such large sums of money, rallied upon his tent, and making the proprietor "skedaddle," took possession of his stock, and had a fat time of it. Extorting sutlers have no claims upon the sympathies of the 125th. Their *moral sensibilities* are too fine to allow themselves to be robbed in broad daylight—no, not them. The health of the regiment is better than for a long period previous.

On last Sunday morning the regiment drew its first ration of "green backs," and the gold hawks are about to pick up the stragglers.

Capt. Bell, of Tyrone city, leaves tomorrow morning for home, and all the boys send their holiday greeting to beloved ones. We hope the Captain may enjoy his furlough, and let our friends know that we are alive and kicking.

Yours, truly,
JOHN H. KEATLEY.

Letter from Frankstown.

FRANKSTOWN, Jan. 2, 1863.

Mr. Editor: New Year's Day has passed, and we all have entered upon another cycle of time with renewed hopes, to be realized perhaps, perhaps bitterly disappointed.

Among the disappointments of the past year, is one of which I heard very recently, a detail of which may excite commiseration in some feeling breast, for the disappointed hopes of ambition. I allude to the case of a certain School Director in this county. He had been (*I am sorry to say it*) a School Teacher, and getting somewhat out of date, and finding it exceedingly difficult to get a school, he aspired to the office of Director, soliciting votes, stating that he wished the office so that he would be sure of a school, not being aware that he could not be teacher and Director too. Well, some voted for him, because they wished him to have the office; some, because they didn't care who had that office; and some of the Teachers voted for him so that he would be out of their fraternity, and he was elected, but I guess some of the teachers repent of their fun by this time—I don't pity them!

This modern Joseph—in every respect but wisdom and chastity—is not content "to ride in the second chariot," but must needs aspire to Pharaoh's seat, and the school law not suiting his *comprehensive* mind, he framed an "Article of Agreement" between the Board and the Teachers, which compelled the teachers to teach 20 days for one dollar a day and hold two Institutes in the month *free gratis for nothing, without charging the Board a cent*, and, O, Nebuchadnezzer! Ptolemy Philadelphus! Nabopolazzar! and—and—and that other gentleman! the teachers were all green enough to sign the Article, and then went to those who sit in "Moses' Seat" to complain of the outrage. Wasn't that keen?

But there is another feature in this affair. The Director in question visits the schools faithfully—this is all right—but then he acts (so I understand) as though he is perfectly conscious of his high position, and being "clothed with a little brief authority," rules the Teachers with a band of brass, and the ☞ little children with a "rod of iron," and acts in the schoolroom as though he feels

"I am monarch of all I survey,"

until the teachers and pupils have become thoroughly tired of him. But after all, I hardly know whether he is much to blame. I presume he has become giddy with elevation. He has "forgotten the rock from whence he was hewn, and the hole of the pit from whence he was digged," and has reached that point from which all change must be descent.

The question may arise in the minds of some, Is that Prodigy in Frankstown township? No, querist, no. I question whether such an anomily could be elected to the office of fence-inspector in this township. The Directors here have a different calibre, and if they had one of that stamp among them, they, I believe, would vote him out by acclamation. If I didn't hate to be *personal*, I would say something about them.

Mr. A. K. Figart, the gentlemanly Preside Director in this township, has resigned, in consequence of other duties. He carries with him the respect and regard of all the teachers in this township, as far as I can discover, and his resignation would be much more regretted, had his place not been so excellently supplied by the appointment of such an officer as Geo. W. Cunningham, Esq. of this town. I owe these gentlemen an apology, perhaps, for using their names in this connection, but they are like the "house of the Kings of Israel," they are merciful, hence I'll let it go.

I remain, Mr. Editor, Teachers, Directors, all, your very obedient and humble servant. NAXAPARARA.

The Emancipation Proclamation of the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, on the 22d day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, a proclamation was issued by the President of the United States, containing, among other things, the following, to wit: That on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, all persons held as slaves within any State or designated part of a State, the people whereof shall then be in rebellion against the United States, shall be thenceforward and forever free. And the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authority thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of such persons, and will do no act or acts to repress such persons or any of them, in any effort they may make for their active freedom. That the Executive will, on the first day of January aforesaid, by proclamation, designate the States and parts of States, if any, in which the people therein respectively, shall then be in rebellion against the United States, and the fact that any State and the people thereof shall on that day be in good faith represented in the Congress of the United States by members chosen thereto at elections, wherein a majority of the qualified voters of such States shall have participated, shall, in the absence of strong countervailing testimony, be deemed conclusive evidence that such State and the people thereof are not then in rebellion against the United States.

Now, therefore, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested, as commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, in time of actual armed rebellion against the authority and government of the United States, and as a fit and necessary war measure for suppressing the said rebellion, do on this, the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and in accordance with my purpose so to do publicly proclaim, for the full period of one hundred days from the day first above mentioned, order and designate as the States and parts of States wherein the people thereof respectively are this day in rebellion against the United States, the following, to wit: Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, (except the parishes of Saint Bernard, Plaquemine, Jefferson, Saint James, Ascension, Assumption, Terrebone, Lafourche, Saint Martin and Orleans,) including the city of New Orleans, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, (except the forty-eight counties designated as West Virginia, and also the counties of Berkley, Accomac, Northampton, Elizabeth city, York, Princess Anne and Norfolk,) including the cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth; and which excepted parts are for the present left precisely as if the proclamation were not issued; and by virtue of the power and for the purpose aforesaid, I do order and declare that all persons held as slaves, within the said designated States and parts of said States, are and henceforward shall be free, and that the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of said persons. And I hereby enjoin upon the people so declared to be free, to abstain from all violence, unless in necessary self-defence; and I recommend to them that in all cases, when allowed, they labor faithfully for reasonable wages. And I further declare and make known that such persons of suitable condition will be received into the armed service of the United States to garrison forts, positions, stations and other places, and to man vessels of all sorts in the said service; and upon this act, sincerely believed to be an act of justice, warranted by the Constitution upon military necessity, I invoke the considerate judgment of mankind and the gracious favor of Almighty God.

In witness whereof, I have herewith set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this, the First Day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-seventh.

By the President.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
WM. H SEWARD, Sec. of State.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

DAILY	50,125
SEMI-WEEKLY	17,250
WEEKLY	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-eminently a journal of News and of Literature. THE TRIBUNE has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word REPUBLICAN. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

THE TRIBUNE devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of THE TRIBUNE. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy.....3 cents.
Mail Subscribers, 1 year (311 issues)...$8

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy, one year (104 issues)	$ 3
Two copies, one year	5
Five copies, one year	12
Ten copies, one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy, one year (52 issues)	$ 2
Three copies one year	5
Five copies, one year	8
Ten copies, one year	15

Any larger number, *addressed to names of subscribers*, $1 50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies, *to one address*, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent. To clubs of fifty THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by Express, must prepay the Express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE TRIBUNE ALMANAC
FOR 1863,
will be ready about Christmas.

The New Year.

How rapidly time advances! The moments fly, by most men unheeded; by none duly improved. Who can answer to God, for the benefactions received during the past year; for the neglects of duty; for the transgressions! It is well for us that God is merciful; well that there is a Saviour through whom God can be just, while he justifies the ungodly.

The season demands of us a retrospect. And, as the minds of all are filled with national affairs, we may turn our attention first in that direction. Can we contemplate our public virtue with delight; or the progress of our arms with satisfaction? The mind may fix on a few things which are joyous; but there are many things which should cause shame. We do not particularize. But we feel sad. And we think the nation feels sad. If the Government, and the people are humbled, and meek, and penitent, and prayerful, a purged conscience, amended ways, and a propiciated Providence will improve our condition.

We may look at our earnings, and the use made of our property—what we have gained or squandered; what we have hoarded, and what we have given to the Lord.

We may look over the twelve months' history of our families, and note their moral deterioration, or their progress in knowledge and virtue.

We may examine each into the condition of his own soul. Has the sinner of last New-Year's day repented and made his peace with God? Then, sudden death would have been, to him, instant damnation. How would it be now? Would it be but a release from earth and a transit to heaven? The convert of twelve months ago, was then a babe, a beloved one, adopted, put in the school of Christ. Then he was fed on milk; can he now bear strong meat? Then he was one taught; can he now teach others? The established Christian was then adding to his faith, virtue; and to his virtue, knowledge. He was adding grace to grace. How far has his work advanced? Do these things now abound in him, and make him to be neither barren nor unfruitful? Has he *almost* attained to the perfect man; to the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ? Is he ready, or just finishing his preparation, to depart and be with Christ? Or what progress has he made?

And the season also called upon us to look forward; to initiate plans of action, to fix our purposes; to put forth new energies; and to contemplate our prospects. And here let us again begin with the everlasting topic, our national affairs. These being the most exciting, the most absorbing, though far from being of the most real value. What then do we mean to do for our country? Do we mean to save it, as a united country, and a free, peaceful, and happy home for ourselves and our posterity? If so, we must act together, and put forth mighty energies. We may fast, and pray, and hope; but we must not expect God to work miracles for us. We must use the means, if we would have the blessing. We must open up the appointed channels, that God may convey to us the streams of benefit. While the mail is carrying these words of ours to our readers, the telegraphic wires will likely be employed in conveying to all parts of the land, the PROCLAMATION OF FREEDOM, to some *three and a half millions* of human beings who, while we write, are held in a most degrading, and oppressive, and wrongful, and wicked bondage. Will not God approve the act? Will freemen execute it? or will our selfishness, and party politics, and jealousies, and divisions, be allowed to prevail so that the proclamation shall become a deceit, and a snare and a ruin to the black man? Will we buy our peace by selling the negro again into bondage; or will we make good the hopes we raise? Be assured that a base compromise is before us; or an iguominious defeat; or we must ignore party, and unite, and put forth mighty and persevering energies.

But, higher in the scale, though we may use fewer words, what is the new purpose relative to our families; those precious immortals entrusted to our care? What for their home comforts; their mental training; their meetness for what follows the last of their years?

And in regard to our own personal arrangement for rendering the closing account, what is our intention and plan of operations? Shall we enter the vineyard at once, and labor dilligently, till the day ends; shall we covenant with God, and seal the engagement,; shall we give ourselves a living sacrifice; shall we wash us, and put on the wedding garment, and trim our lamps, and be ready?

A happy New Year to all our readers. May it be a time of blessings, fruitful in grace, a season of progress.—*Presbyterian Banner.*

More Relief.

The Board of Relief passed the following resolutions at their recent meeting, in the Court House, on the 23rd of Dec., 1862. It is desired that the Gentlemen selected as committeemen of the several Townships and Boroughs will consider this a sufficient notification of their appointment, and signify their acceptance of the same to the Board at their earliest convenience.

Resolved, That the Board of Relief will borrow the sum of $2,000, for the purpose of extending relief to the families of soldiers who are now in the service of their Country—Provided, That said Relief shall only be extended to those who are in circumstances of real necessity.

Resolved 2nd, That Relief will only be granted until the time that the Government will pay the soldiers.

Resolved 3rd, That in order to ascertain who are in such circumstances as to entitle them to Relief from the Board, one person shall be appointed in each township and borough, whose duty it shall be to examine into all cases and report in writing to the Board at their regular monthly meeting, and that relief shall only be granted on the recommendation of said committeemen.

Resolved 4th, That the Board of Relief will meet on Wednesday the 7th day of January next, to hear and determine on the reports of said committees.

Resolved 5th, that the Board now proceed to appoint the following persons as committeemen, to wit:

Alleghany, Daniel C. Gibbony.
Antis, Martin Bell.
Blair, Alex. Knox.
Catharine, John Clark, Jr.
Frankstown, Seth R. McCune.
Freedom, John Gingry.
Greenfield, Paul Mauk.
Taylor, Geo. L. Cowen.
N. Woodberry & Martinsburg, H. C. Crawford.
Huston, James Roller.
Woodberry, Isaac Yingling.
Tyrone, D. P. Tussey.
Snyder, Jacob Burley.
Logan, Abraham Loudon.
Juniata, Peter Kelley.
Altoona, Joseph G. Adlum.
Hollidaysburg, F. McCoy.
Gaysport, Peter Boyles.
Tyrone Borough, J. M. Calderwood.

By order of the Board.
H. A. CALDWELL, Clerk.

Honor the Brave.

Mr. HUTCHINS, of Ohio, has introduced a resolution into the House to give fine gold medals to the brave volunteers who crossed the Rappahannock as the advance guard. We are glad to record this action on the part of the Representative from Ohio. Congress shall do something in acknowledgment of their bravery, and it is of little moment whether it takes the form of medals or not. But there are other and more material methods of acknowledging the devotion these brave men, and that is to promote them to higher position. Merit should be the cause for advancement, and who have been more meritorious than the gallant four hundred?

☞ The following beautiful thoughts are from the pen of George D. prentice:

"There is but a breath of air and a beat of the heart, between this world and the next. And in the brief interval of painful and awful suspense, while we feel that death is present with us, and that we are powerless and he all powerful, and the last pulsation here, is but the prelude of an eldless life hereafter; we feel in the midst of the stunning calamity about to befall us, the earth has no compensating good to mitigate the severity of the loss. But there is no grief without some benefficent provision to soften its intenseness. When the good and lovely dye, the memory of their deeds, like the moonbeams on the stormy sea, light our darkened hearts, and lend to the surrounding gloom, a beauty so sad, so sweet, that we would not if we could, dispel the darkness that environs it."

☞ An Irish soldier once waited on his commanding officer with what he termed a very serious complaint! "Another man," he said, "had upbraided him that he was not married to his own wife, whom he accused of being no better than she should be, and called her many bad names besides, which he should be ashamed to mention to his honor." "Well, my good fellow," said the colonel, "have you any proof that you are legally married?" "Faith, your honor, I have the best proof in the world," he replied. Here he took off his cap, and exhibited a broken head, saying, "Does your honor think I'd be after taking that same abuse from anybody but a wife?

☞ When the celebrated Haydan was asked how all his sacred music was so cheerful, the great composer replied:—"I cannot make it otherwise. I write according to the thoughts I feel; when I think upon God, my heart is so full of joy that the notes leap as it were from my pen: and since God has given me a cheerful heart, it will by pardoned in me that I serve him with a cheerful spirit."

☞ Let every man avoid all sort of gambling as he would poison. A poor man or boy should not allow himself even to toss up a half-penny, for this is often the beginning of a habit of gambling, and this ruinous crime comes on by slow degrees. Whilst a man minds his work he is playing the best game, and he is sure to win. A gambler never makes good use of his money, even if he should win.

☞ A man of wealth, whose health happened to give way under long continued intemperance consulted Dr. S., who said, "I can cure you if you do as I bid you." His patient promised obedience. "Now," said the doctor, "you must steal a horse. Yes—you must steal a horse. You will be arrested, convicted, and placed in a situation where your diet and regimen will be such that in a short time your health will be perfectly restored."

ANCESTRY.—"The man who has not anything to boast of but his illustrious ancestors," says Sir Thomas Overbury, "is like a potato—the only good belonging to him is under ground." The Duke of Somerset, surnamed the Proud Duke, and of whom it is related that he rode all thro' Europe, without ever leaning back in his carriage, used to say, "That he pitied Adam, because had no ancestors."

SUPERFLUOUS CAUTION.— A livery stable keeper named Spur would never let a horse go out without requesting the lads not to drive fast. One day a man called for a horse to attend a funeral. "Certainly," said Spur; "but," he added, forgetting the solemn purpose for which the young man wanted the horse, "don't drive fast." "Why, jest look a here, old feller," said the somewhat excited young man, "I want you to understand that I intend to keep up with the procession if it kills the horse."

☞ A pretty sinner may chance to be more attractive than an ugly saint, and parsons sometimes find it out. A good story is told of a Yankee divine of advanced age, who married, for his [illegible] wife a damsel young and ha[illegible]. When the elders of the church came to him to inquire if the lady was a suitable person to make a useful figure as parson's wife, he answered frankly that he didn't think she was. "But," answered the irrepressible doctor, "though I don't pretend she is a saint, she is a very pretty little sinner, and *I love her.*" And the twain became one flesh.

THE WHIG.

OUR COUNTRY IS OUR PARTY.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

SATURDAY, JAN. 10, 1863.

The Proclamation of Freedom.

Abraham Lincoln has proclaimed the downfall of slavery in the United States. The Proclamation we print on our first page announces his decree in brief, eloquent and immortal sentences. It is not an argument, or a defence, or a declaration; it is simply the frank announcement of a brave and frank man. Those who expect to read an invocation to blood and massacre and rapine will be surprised by the sincere and affectionate warning of the President to the people whose deliverance he proclaims. The beneficent power that declares freedom does not incite murder; it takes away the burden of national death from the hereafter, and makes the country of our children the country of freemen. This is the general thought that pervades the Proclamation; but that which is practical and immediate, is the conversion of this silent, oppressed and anxious race into active allies of the Union. It adds a reserve force to the army of the Union, and makes three millions of slaves three millions of able-bodied recruits, who have only to see the Union banner to follow it with their lives. It takes away the labor that sustains the power of the South, and adds to the military power of the North. It is a war measure, and will add strength to our armies and glory to the object of the war. These ideas should be impressed upon the minds of all who read the Proclamation this morning. Let the people accept this great deed in the spirit that animates the President, appreciating the beautiful sentiments in which he declares it to be an act of justice warranted by the Constitution, upon military necessity, and invokes the considerate judgment of mankind, and the gracious favor of Almighty God.

☞ Jeff Davis has issued a high sounding proclamation in which he announces that he will retaliate on Gen. Butler for the hanging of Mumford. Butler is ordered to be immediately executed when caught, and his commissioned officers are to be held as felons; the private soldiers, not being responsible. will be paroled.

This vindictive pronunciamento needs no comment, and should be circulated in the North as an evidence of the barbarity of the wretches engaged in this wicked rebellion.

The Richmond *Dispatch*, in noticing this proclamation, says it comes up to the full measure of rebel expectations. It trusts that the proclamation will be carried out to the letter whenever Butler and his officers will be taken.

In this paper, Jeff. also declares that all negroes found in arms will be handed over to the several States for punisnment.

West Virginia.

We congratulate not only the people specially interested, but those of the whole country, on the President's approval of the act which makes West Virginia a State of the Union. The West Virginians have long enough sighed under the ungenial bondage of the "Old Dominion." Her topography, her interests, her commerce, are all distinct from those of slave-breeding Virginia. She has long wished for deliverance, and the Rebellion at last gave her the coveted opportunity. Eastern Virginia plunged madly into treason; Western clung closely and overwhelmingly to the Union. The loyal counties—not those of the West exclusively, but of the whole State—set up a new State Government in subordination to and sympathy with that of the Union. By this Government—not of West Virginia as such, but of loyal Virginia entire—consent was formally and fully given to the creation of the new State; and it has accordingly been organized, comprising about a third of the territory and a fifth of the population of the old State. The measure has been desperately fought in and out of Congress, but carried by heavy votes; and now the President, after deliberate and careful investigation, and taking the written opinion thereon of each member of his Cabinet, has given it his signature. All hail the new and loyal State of WEST VIRGINIA!

The Legislature

The Legislature of this State met in Harrisburg on Tuesday last. The House organized by electing John Cessna (war Democrat) of Bedford, Speaker, and Jacob Ziegler, Clerk. The Democrats having a majority in that body, elected Democrats to all the minor offices.

The Senate being Republican they elected all Republicans, viz.:

Sheaker—Hon. Geo. V. Lawrence, of Washington county.

Clerk—Geo. W. Hamersly, of Germantown.

Assistant Clerk—Gurdon S. Berry.

Transcribing Clks.—Wm. Watts, J. B. McAfee, O. N. Worden, W. H Huddleson.

Sergeant-at-Arms— John H. Cochran.

For The Blair County Whig.

Fixing the Attention.

No. 10.

Mr. Brotherline: Every individual, whether farmer or mechanic, lawyer or doctor, professor or student, teacher or pupil, preacher or member, or what not, should labor by all proper methods, to acquire a steady fixation of thought. Attention is a very necessary thing in order to improve our minds. The evidence of truth does not always appear immediately nor strike the soul at first sight. It is by long attention and inspection that we arrive at evidence; and it is for want of it we judge falsely of many things. We make haste to determine on a slight and sudden view; we confirm our guesses, which arise from a glance; we pass a judgment, while we have but a confused or obscure perception, and thus plunge ourselves into mistakes. This is like a man, who, walking in a mist, or being a great distance from any visible object, judges much amiss of the figure, situation and colors of it, and sometimes takes one for the other; whereas, if he would but withhold his judgment till he came nearer to it, or stay till clearer light came, and would fix his eyes longer upon it, he would secure himself from those mistakes.

Now in order to gain a greater facility of attention, we must cultivate a fondness for the study, knowledge, occupation or business we would pursue.

CUIBONO.

Sinking Valley, Jan. 1, 1863.

Citizenship of Colored Men.

A schooner, commanded by a colored man, was detained in one of the ports of New Jersey on the ground that, under the Dred Scott decision, he was not a citizen of the United States, while the law requires that commanders of coasting vessels shall be such. The case was referred to Attorney General BATES, who in an elaborate official opinion, has decided that colored men are citizens. This is a reversal of the *dicta* of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case. The opinion has just been published, and concludes thus:

I give it as my opinion that the free man of color, mentioned in your letter, if born in the United States, is a citizen of the United States, and, if otherwise qualified, is competent according to the acts of Congress, to be master of a vessel engaged in the coasting trade.

What rights does this decision confer upon colored men? Does it carry with it the right to vote? Certainly not, for that is not a *right* but a *franchise*. Franchise is purely a State regulation, and one with which the General Government has nothing to do. A State may, if it chooses, exclude all persons of foreign birth, even though naturalized, or it may confer the right to vote upon foreigners, whether naturalized or not, as it has been done in some of the Western States. It may give the right to colored men, as is done in some States, or withhold it, as is done in others. In some States a property qualification is required; in others it is not required. A State may confer the privilege of franchise upon every human being of adult age, male and female, white and black; or it may so restrict it, as is done in some of the Southern States, that not one half of the adult white males are voters. In fact, no class of men can claim the privilege of franchise as a *right:* and to be a citizen of the United States, (which every native woman is) does not give it, nor does the absence of citizenship necessarily incapacitate a person for its exercise.

The privilege of franchise and that of holding office generally go together, so nothing more need be said on that head.

This decision does not affect the social *status* of the negro at all, except so far as the reversal of a decision, which placed him legally in a degraded caste, is calculated to do so. But yet it does confer some substantial rights. Colored men may become masters of coasting vessels; they are entitled, like others, to pasports; they can sue in the courts of the United States; and it brings them under that clause of the Constitution which declares that a citizen of one State shall have all the rights and *immunities* of a citizen in all the States. This last, although not the primary, is by far the most important feature of this official opinion; for, if it has the force of the law, it exempts people of color from such arrests as have been practiced for many years in the ports of some of the Slave States; and, on the same principle, it renders null and void all legislation excluding colored people, as such, from any particular State. These outrages upon the common rights of humanity are offshoots of slavery, and the signs are that they will cease with it.—*Pitts. Gaz.*

☞ All is quiet with Burnside's Army. The Rebels are digging rifle-pits along the banks of the river. Stuart's Cavalry has recrossed the Rappahannock, near Warrenton. Our forces captured about 150 in all of his men.

FROM TENNESSEE.

Official Report of Maj. Gen. Rosecrans.

Full Details of the Battle.

The Enemy in Full Retreat.

HEADQ'RS OF THE FOURTH ARMY CORPS. DEPART'T OF THE CUMBERLAND, IN FRONT OF MURFREESBORO, Jan. 3, via Nashville, Jan. 4.

To Gen. H. W. Halleck, Commander-in-Chief:

On the 26th of December we marched from Nashville in three columns, General McCook's corps by the Nashville Pike.

Gen. Thomas, from its encampment on the Franklin pike, via of the Wilson pike, and Gen. Crittenden's on the main Murfreesboro pike. The left and centre met with a strong resistance, such as the nature of the country, rolling or hilly routes skirted by cedar thickets and farms, and intersected by small streams with rocky bluff banks, forming serious obstacles.

Gen. McCook drove Hardee's corps a mile and a half from Nolinsville, and occupied the place.

Gen. Crittenden reached within one mile and a half of Lavergue. General Thomas reached the Wilson pike, meeting with no serious opposition.

On the 27th ult. Gen. McCook drove Hardee from Nolinsville, and pushed a reconnoitering division six miles towards Shelbyville, and found Hardee had retreated towards Murfreesboro.

Gen Crittenden fought and drove the enemy before him, occupying the line of Steward's Creek, capturing some prisoners with slight loss.

Gen Thomas occupied the vicinity of Nolinsville, where he was partially surprised, thrown into confusion and driven back.

Gen. Sheridan's division repulsed the enemy four times, protected the flank of the centre, which not only held its own, but advanced. This untoward event, compelled me to retain the left wing to support the right, until it should be rallied and assume a new position.

First, The rebels opened by an attack on us, and were again repulsed.

Second, skirmishing along the front with threats of attack until about three in the afternoon, when the enemy advanced in a small division thrown across Stone river to occupy commanding ground.—While reconnoitering the ground occupied by this division which had no artillery, I saw a heavy force emerging from the woods and advancing in line of battle three lines deep. They drove our little division before them after a sharp contest, in which we lost 70 or 80 killed, and 375 wounded, but they were repulsed by Gen. Negley's division and the remaining troops of the left wing, headed by Morton's pioneer brigade, and fled far over the field and beyond the entrenchments. The officers rallying them with great difficulty, they lost heavily. We occupied the ground with the left wing last night. The lines were completed at four in the morning.—This occupied my time until four o'clock, and fatigued the troops. The commencement of the retreat was known to me at seven o'clock this morning. Our ammunition train arrived during the night.

To-day was engaged in distributing the ammunition, burying the dead, and collecting arms from the field of battle.

The pursuit was commenced by the centre, the two leading brigades arriving at the west side of Stone river this morning. The railroad bridge was saved but in what condition is not known. We shall occupy the town, and push the pursuit to-morrow. Our medical director estimates the wounded in the hospitals at 5,500, and our dead at 1,000.

We have to deplore the loss of Lieut. Col. Garsche, whose capacity and gentlemanly deportment had already endeared him to all the officers of this command, and whose gallantry in the field of battle excited their admiration.

(Signed) W. S. ROSECRANS, Major Gen. Commanding.

FURTHER DETAILS.

CAMP NEAR MURFREESBORO, Jan 4.

To Maj. Gen Halleck:

GENERAL—Following my dispatch of last evening I have to announce that the enemy are in full retreat. They left last night. The rain having raised the river, and the bridge across it between the left and centre being incomplete, I deemed it prudent to withdraw that wing during the night.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

THE CAPTURE OF VICKSBURG.

NEWS FROM REBEL SOURCES.

HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., Jan. 4.

General Halleck, Commander-in-Chief:

Despatches from Gen. Sherman and the Naval commander were received on the 31st.

The gunboats were engaging the enemy's batteries and Gen. Sherman was inland three miles from Vicksburg and hotly engaged.

From rebel sources I learn that the Grenada Appeal of the 3d says that the Yankees have got possession of Vicksburg.

U. S. GRANT, Maj. Gen.

Glorious News from East Tennessee.

WASHINGTON, January 4.

The Lynchburg Republican of Thursday states that a body of 5000 Union cavalry, composed of one Pennsylvania regiment and others unknown, have destroyed nine miles of the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, burning the important bridges over the Holston and Watawga Rivers, and capturing 200 rebel cavalry who were guarding the former. The Republican says it will take several weeks to repair the damages, at a time when the road is taxed to its utmost capacity. It characterizes the Yankee raid of nearly 100 miles as one of unexpected daring and audacity.

The Richmond Examiner of Friday states that brown sugar in that city has gone up from $1 to $1,10 at retail, and molasses to $7,50 and $8 per gallon. It imputes the change to our aggressive operations in the South and South-West.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Jan. 4, 1863.—Lynchburg papers of the 1st contain the particulars of a serious breach in the East Tennessee Railroad, made by a body of Yankee troops who penetrated Tennessee 90 miles thro' Pound Gap, burning the bridge at Zollicoffer, near Bristol, and that at Watawga, 9 miles beyond the bridge Zollicoffer. It will require a considerable time to repair them.

FROM MURFREESBORO.

FEDERAL VICTORY COMPLETE.

Rebels Fleeing in Disorder.

FIVE DAYS' HARD FIGHTING.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 5.

Murfreesboro advices represent the Federal victory complete.

The entire rebel army was fleeing towards Tullahoma in great disorder.

[Tullahoma is a post village and an important railroad station of Coffee county, Tennessee, on Rock creek, 70 miles S. E. from Nashville. The Nashville & Chattanooga Railroad here intersects the McMinville and Manchester Railroad, which will probably render it a place of much business.]

HEADQUARTERS, NASHVILLE, Jan. 5.—The Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

Skirmishing commenced on the evening of the 29th, our forces following the enemy closely and driving the enemy up to the evening of the 30th.

On the morning of the 31st the enemy attacked our forces at daylight. Ever since that time the fight has been progressing. This is the fifth day in the same locality. If the whole Richmond army does not get here our success is certain.

The fighting has been terrible. Our army has the advantage and will hold it, God willing.

I cannot give particulars. Our officers have suffered terribly.

I have heard nothing of importance since 10 o'clock last evening. At that time everything was favorable for us.

ROBERT B. MITCHELL, Brig. Gen. Com'g.

Greatest Battle of the War.

A Despatch from Rosecrans.

Breckinridge Wounded!

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The following despatch has been received at Headquarters:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CUMBERLAND, Jan. 5, 1864.

To Major Gen Hallack General-in-Chief:

We have fought one of the greatest battles of this war and are victorious.

Our entire success on the 31st was prevented by a surprise on the right flank; but we have, nevertheless beaten the enemy after a three days' battle.

They fled, with great precipitation, on Saturday night.

The last of their columns of cavalry left this morning. Their loss has been very heavy.

Gens. Rains and Hanson are killed.—Gens. Clardon, Adams and Breckinridge, are wounded.

W. S. ROSECRANS, Major Gen. Commanding.

Battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

A special dispatch from Murfreesboro, dated Friday evening, states that the rebels were twice repulsed on Thursday, in fierce attacks on our centre and right.

On Thursday night Gen. Rosencrans ordered Beatty's brigade across Stone's river on our left, which was accomplished. On Friday afternoon the rebels made a tremendous attack on our centre, but were handsomely repulsed. At the same time they threw an immense mass of infantry against Beatty's brigade, driving it across the river, when Negley's and Davis' divisions went to their aid. A most desperate struggle ensued, and all the artillery of both armies was brought to bear. Our men suffered terribly but unflinchingly. At last Gen. Negley ordered a charge, when the rebels gave way. The 98th Pennsylvania charged home on the 26th Tennessee, capturing its colors. Another regiment charged, and seized a whole rebel battery.

A grand shout of victory arose along the whole line, when Gen. Rosencrans advanced the whole line, the left establishing itself on the east bank of the river, the centre holding the enemy's former position, and the right holding its original position of Wednesday. The advantage is with us.

The battle is to be renewed on Saturday, and all feel confident of victory.

MARYLAND.—It is said that ex-Gov. Hicks will be appointed by the Governor of Maryland to represent the State of Maryland in the Senate of the United States. He is also a candidate for Congress in the First District of Maryland, and his election is regarded as certain. He is unequivocally for emancipation in Maryland and everywhere else. In the presence of a number of gentlemen he recently declared that "he was now convinced there never would be any peace for this country until slavery was abolished throughout the land, and to this end he supported President Lincoln's proclamation and plan of compensated emancipation heart and hand." Winter Davis is also a candidate on the same platform, and his election is also regarded as certain. The friends of emancipation hope to carry the other three districts.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditiani Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Blair county, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, *On Monday the 26th day of January next*, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Wilian Robeson in and to all that certain tract af land situate in Snyder tp., Blair county, containing one hundred acres, more or less, bounded on the east and west by lands of Bald Eagle Furnace, on the north by lands of Shoenberger's, and on the south by lands of George Black, flanking on the Tyrone and Bald Eagle Plank Road, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and other out buildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Robeson.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Peter Helsel in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Logan township, Blair county, containing ninety acres, more or less, adjoining lands of George Manly on the north, and lands belonging to the heirs of Samuel McGlathery on the east, and lands of Geo. Hartzell, Jr., on the south, having thereon erected a log dwelling house and a log stable.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Peter Helsel.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of James Stiffler, in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Freedom township, Blair county, containing seventy acres, more or less, and bounded by the lands of Wm. Shaw on the east and north, and by lands of Michael McIntosh on the west, and by lands of Samuel Shaw and others on the south, having thereon erected a one and a half story log dwelling house.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James Stiffler.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Wm. K Piper in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Gaysport, in Blair county, fronting one hundred and twenty feet on Bedford street, and extending back from said street, along Newry street, 150 feet to an alley, thence along said alley 45½ feet to lot of Mrs. Longnecker, thence along said lot 180 feet to Bedford street, having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling house and frame stable.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wm K. Piper.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of William W. Jackson in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Blair township, Blair county, bounded on the east by the Frankstown branch of the Juniata river, on the north by lands of James A. McCahan, on the west by lands in possession of James Gardner, on the south by lands of Joseph Smith, being part of a tract of land surveyed in pursuance of a warrant in the name of Thos. Van Buskirk, (the Thos. Van Buskirk tract and about 20 acres purchased from Wm. Holliday, lying on the southwest side of the Thos. Van Buskirk and adjoining lands of James Gardner,) supposed to contain 149 acres and 125 perches, having thereon erected a large two story brick dwelling house, a brick stable, a large frame bank barn and other buildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wm. W. Jackson.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Jonathan D. Leet in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Allegheny and Penn streets, thence along said Penn street 110 feet to a lot owned by Wm. Williams; thence along said lot in a westerly direction and parallel with the said Allegheny street 110 feet to a five foot alley; thence along said alley and parallel with said Penn street 110 feet to Allegheny street; thence along said Allegheny street 110 feet to the place of beginning—being parts of lots No. 107 and No. 108 in the plan of said borough, having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling, one double two-story frame dwelling house, two frame stables and other improvements.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. D. Leet.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Geo. Carothers and Margaret Carothers, his wife, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Gaysport, Blair county, on the south side of the railroad, fronting 60 feet on said railroad, and extending back 180 feet to Porter alley, being lot No. 19 in the general plan of said borough, having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling house and and a frame stable.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Geo. Carothers and Margaret Carothers, his wife.

SAMUEL McCAMANT, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Hollidaysburg, Jan. 10th, 1863.

☞ NOTICE TO BIDDERS.—The above described property will be knocked down to the highest bidders on Monday the 26th inst. The practice of keeping open the Sheriff's sales until Wednesday has been discontinued.

SAMUEL McCAMANT, Sheriff.

Bryant & Stratton's Chain of National Mercantile Colleges.

LOCATED IN

PHILADELPHIA,

S. E. Cor. of 7th & Chestnut sts.,

New York City, Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, Buffalo, Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago & St. Louis.

BOOK-KEEPING, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Forms, Correspondence, &c., practically taught.

These Colleges being under the same general and local management, and uniting in each the advantages of all, offer greater facilities for imparting instruction than any other similar institutions in the country.

A Scholarship issued by any one is good in all for an unlimited time.

The Philadelphia College has been recently enlarged and refurnished in a superior manner, and is now the largest and most prosperous Commercial Institution in the State.

Bryant & Stratton's series of Text Books, embracing Book-keeping, Commercial Arithmetic, and Commercial Law, for sale, and sent by mail.

☞ For full particulars send for a circular. Address, STRATTON, BRYANT & Co., 2-9-3-8. Philadelphia.

$30. Employment! $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED, TO SELL GOODS FOR THE ADAMS (A NEW ENGLAND) MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

WE will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay $30 to $100 per month, and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address, with stamp,

CHARLES RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't., For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Mich. 17—1 8o

BRYANT, STRATTON, PACKARD & PENN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGES,

Cooper Union, N. Y. Hamilton Building, Brooklyn.

BOOK-KEEPING, COMMERCIAL LAW, ARITHMETIC, PENMANSHIP, CORRESPONDENCE, &c., practically taught.

These Colleges are comprised in BRYANT, STRATTON & Co.'s Chain of Commercial Colleges, located as above, and in Philadelphia, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, and afford the best possible facilities for acquiring a thorough Commercial Education

A Scholarship issued by these Colleges will be good throughout the "Chain"—time unlimited. Call or send for Circular

BRYANT, STRATTON, PACKARD & PENN, 1-44] Cooper Union, N. Y. City.

SAMUEL J. FRIES.....STEPHEN WINTERS.

GAS-BURNING PARLOR, AND COOK STOVES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform the public, that he has just received a large supply of STOVES, of all Patterns, which they will sell at the most reduced prices. They are partly of the latest improved Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Gas-Burning, Cook and Parlor Stoves, the very latest, best and cheapest.

They have also added to their stock a large supply of Hardware, Cutlery, Tools, Coal Oil Lamps, Copper Kettles, &c., &c.

Their new store is on Virginia street, nearly opposite Mann's store, in Altoona. The old shop and store is still continued on Annie street, East Ward.

They have also Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, a Coppersmithing room, and do roofing and spouting on short notice.

FRIES & WINTERS.

Altoona, April 18, 1862.

BLAIR COUNTY

MARBLE YARD.

THE subscriber informs his old friends and the public in general that he still continues to carry on the *Marble Business*, in all its various branches, at the old stand, corner of Allegheny and Front streets, where he is prepared to furnish,

Headstones, Tombs, MONUMENTS, TABLE TOPS, MANTLES, &c., &c.,

in a neat and workmanlike manner on short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business. Now is the time to get a cheap job.

JOHN FREEMAN.

Hollidaysburg, Nov. 29, 1861.

COAL AND LUMBER LANDS.

WE have several thousand acres of very valuable Coal and Lumber lands in this county for sale. Any person desiring them will be furnished with full particulars. Persons wishing to purchase would do well by calling on JOHN BROTHERLINE.

Hollidaysburg, Nov. 22, 1862.

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO., (Formerly Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.) Bankers,—Hollidaysburg, Pa.

WM. M. LLOYD & CO., (Formerly Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co Bankers,—Altoona, Pa.

Nov. 22, 1861.

OUR FLAG FOREVER.

Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

THE WHIG.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1863.

☞ J. T. Lloyd, the humbug Map man, No. 164 Broadway, N. Y., does not come up to his promise to pay.

☞ Having to accede to the old custom in this place of omitting a paper during the Holidays, we published none last week.

THE GREAT PROCLAMATION is hailed with joy all over the loyal country. Salutes have been fired at Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Pittsburg and many other places.

☞ In town—The man who would cast his friend into the lion's den, for the sake of the *promises* of an old Shylock.

☞ Our friend at Tyrone city will please forward his communication.

☞ We saw Captain McKeage on our streets. He comes with the good war news in to-day's Whig.

☞ If you want to rent a good house in Altoona immediately, call on Martin Longenecker, at Smith's Tin Shop.

☞ The celebrated Remedy for the Piles is prepared only by Dr. Peter Fahrney. Physician for Chronic diseases, near Martinsburg, this County.

☞ By reference to the Sheriff's Sales, it will be seen that all property will be sold on Monday, instead of Wednesday, as heretofore.

☞ We met our old friend Mr. J. A. BELL, of the Central Hotel, in Tyrone city, last week. We found him as sincerely clever as any man could be. Of course he keeps a good hotel.

☞ Gen. Wool, who has just been made Commander of the Eastern Department, will fix his headquarters at Albany, where he will arrive within a few days.

☞ The polite and attentive Postmaster at Sabbath Rest, in this county, Wm. F. Sellers, Esq., honored us with a call. He is truly the right kind of a postmaster. Long may he wave.

MAJ. ISAAC N. COOK, an army Pay master, has been arrested in Cincinnati, charged with a defalcation amounting to a half a million, which, it is said he has gambled away.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of two dollars on account of subscription to the Whig, from our old friend Jacob H. Smith, Colesburg, Iowa, formerly of this place. JAKE sends his respects to all his friends.

☞ Gen. Butler is now in Washington. He is soon to have command in one of the most densely populated slave districts of the South, where he will organize a corps of black soldiers, whose duty it will be to guard certain important lines of communication.

☞ We are sorry to announce that JOHN DELANCY, son of Mr. Fager Delancy, of Logan township, a member of Co. F, 76th Reg't, P. V., died at Hilton Head, S. C., on the 7th of November last, of diarrhœa, after an illness of about a month.

☞ We are much pleased to learn that our enterprising friends Lowry & Wharton have opened a new and very extensive store at Saxton, where they deal out Dry Goods, &c., on an extensive scale.

Lowry & Eichelberger are operating at Hopewell in the same way. Now is the time for enterprising business men to pitch in.

☞ We had the pleasure of meeting Capt. F. M. Bell, of Co. A, 125th Reg't, P. V., in Tyrone, last week, on a brief visit to his family. He brought home with him a large amount of money for the families of his soldiers, which he distributed among them. We are glad to see the Captain look so well, and hope he may succeed in suppressing the rebellion very soon.

THE ABOLITIONISTS CAPTURED.—The Rebels and their sympathizers have at last succeeded in making it necessary for the President to abolish slavery to save the Union. This completely knocks the heels from the Abolitionists, and usurps their thunder. What will the bloody rascals turn their attention to now. Since they are clean gone, the Democrats have nobody to abuse. They cannot survive on their ghost as they did on that of the U. S. Bank. What will they do? Who can answer?

☞ A certain store keeper in Freedom told his neighbors that the slaves would all come into that place within ten days after the issuing of the Proclamation.—That time will be up on Monday next. What a time they will have in that heretofore peaceful town. Our friend A. Adams, of the "Bedford Hotel," in that place, will doubtless have a throng time of it on that day.

☞ The Standard man has not yet called on us to enlist with him. The fact is he "skedaddles" and satisfies himself and his patriotism by calling us an "abolitionist."

We fear as young and hale a man as he is can't hide himself by calling others names. There must be something else wrong with him, or he would have been in the army long ago.

☞ We will be in Washington next week on the business stated in our Card.

☞ Our victory in the west is complete. Gen. Rosecrans has been congratulated by the President upon his great success.—Read the war news in our paper to-day.

The Monitor Lost.

The announcement of the loss of the iron clad steemer Monitor at sea, by foundering, will be received by every loyal heart with a pang of regret. This gallant little craft had endeared herself to the people of this Union by her battle with the formidable rebel monster Merrimac, and seemed to represent the triumph of northern skill & ingenuity in naval architecture and warfare. Nothing but her timely appearance in Hampton Roads saved our fleet in the Chesapeake and its tributary waters from distruction, as the Merrimac had terribly proven her power against the Cumberland.

TO THE SUFFERING.

THE Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a Missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great City of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by them.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge.

Address Rev. WM. COSGROVE,
439 Fulton Avenue,
2-7—1 Brooklyn, N. Y.

MARKETS.

CORRECTED weekly by Lloyd & Henry produce dealers and Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Jan. 9, 1863

Family Flour, per bbl,	$6,37@6,50
Extra " "	6,00@6,25
Superfine,	5.62@5,87
White wheat per bushel,	$1,31
Red " "	1,25
Rye per bushel,	90
Corn per bushel,	80
Oats per bushel, new, 37,	old 50
Barley per bushel,	1,10
Potatoes per bushel,	75
Cloverseed per bushel,	5,75@5,87
Timothy Seed per bushel,	1,50@1,62
Flax Seed per bushel,	2,25
Hay per ton,	11,00
Butter per pound,	16
Eggs per dozen,	16

MARRIED.

On Thursday morning, Jan. 1st, 1863, at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. Jos. Fichtner, Mr. WILLIAM A. MADARA, of Maria Forges, to Miss MARY A., daughter of Mr. Jacob Friese, of Greenfield township.

On the 25th ult., by the Rev. John Moore, of Williamsburg, at the house of the bride's father, Mr. DANIEL DELOZIER, of Frankstown, to Miss CHRISTIANA DONNELLY, of Blair Co., Pa.

DIED.

In Frankstown, at fifteen minutes past 7 o'clock, on Sunday morning, January 4th, ELIZABETH, wife of Wm. A. B. Satterfield, aged 29 years, 4 months and 20 days.

She lived the life of a Christian, and in death she was triumphant. S.

Bedford papers please copy.

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL sell at Public Sale, at my Farm, adjoining Gaysport; on

Friday, January 16th, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M., all my farming implements, consisting of Wagons, Plows, &c., three head Horses, and about twenty head of Cattle, comprising Cows, Yearling Steers, Heifers and Calves.

Six months' credit will be given on all sums above $20. The purchaser's note, with security will be required on all sums above $20.

MARTHA C. McCAHAN.
Beaver Dam Mills, Jan. 10, 1863-2t.

FOR RENT—ON THE SHARES.

THE farm on which I now reside, adjoining the borough of Gaysport.

Possession given on or before the 1st day of April, 1863.

Jan. 10, 1863. MARTHA C. McCAHAN.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

CAME to the residence of the subscriber, residing in Freedom township, about the middle of October, 1862, a BRINDLE STEER, supposed to be about eighteen month old, has a piece cut off the right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

Jan. 10, 1863—3t:pd. JAS. MALONE.

LICENSE.

THE following named persons have filed their petitions with the Court of Quarter Sessions for Tavern License, to be presented at January Sessions, 1863:

John Smith,	Tavern,	Altoona.
Adam Behm,	"	"
Caroline Shank,	"	"
Bernard Wissel,	"	"
W. Tillamott,	"	"
Wm. K. Leonard,	"	"
Daniel K. Ramey,	"	Hollidaysburg.
Israel Miller,	"	Tyrone Boro.

Jan. 10, 1863. A. S. MORROW, Clerk.

SINGER & CO'S LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

With all the Recent Improvements,

IS the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Plot or Beaver Cloth down to the softest Gauze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only Machine that can fell, hem, bind, braid, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other Machine. The letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case, which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with silk twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a Copy of "SINGER & Co's GAZETTE."

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
Philadelphia Office—810 Chestnut street.
JAMES H BELL, Agent in Hollidaysburg.
2-7—3-6

THE MAGIC TIME OBSERVER,

The Perfection of Mechanism,

BEING a Hunting and Open Face, or Lady's or Gentleman's Watch combined.

One of the prettiest, most convenient, and decidedly the best and cheapest timepiece for general and reliable use, ever offered. It has within it and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this Watch are composed of two metals, the outer one being fine 16 carat gold. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate timepiece. Price, superbly engraved, per case of half a dozen, $204.00. Sample Watches, in neat morocco boxes, for those proposing to buy at wholesale, $35, sent by express, with bill payable on delivery. Soldiers must remit payment in advance, as we cannot collect from those in the Army. Address

HUBBARD BROS & CO., Sole Importers,
Cor. Nassau and John sts., New York.
Dec. 27, 1862—6w

In the Court of Common Pleas of Blair County.

Simon Beard, vs. Catharine Hawk, intermarried with Geo. W. Hawk, and Geo. W. Hawk. } No. 79 of Oct. Term, 1861. Foreign Attachment. And now, 3d Nov. 1862, on motion of T. Banks, Esq., the Court give Judgment sec. reg

AND now, 28th November, 1862, affidavit of Plaintiff filed, claiming the sum of sixty-one dollars and sixty-two cents, balance due on book account, and enters a rule on the Prothonotary to assess the damages on the 17th day of January, 1863, in accordance with the Act of Assembly.

From the Record.
Certified by A. S. MORROW, Pro'y.
December 6, 1862—6t.

An Old Man's Story.

My children, come gather around me,
I've something of value to say;
I'll tell you how it is that your father
Is such a poor cripple to day.

They told me prepare for the summer,
They bade me arrange for the spring;
They warned me of autumn and winter,
Of snow and of tempest they bring.

My body was hardy and active,
I feared not the wind or the rain;
I slept and I ate with a gusto,
With never an ache or a pain.

I heartily laughed at my neighbor,
Who dressed for the "change of the year;"
Ah! ne'er did I dream that my children
Would look at such misery here.

But once on a morn in December,
While wearing my October clothes,
I felt the rheumatics o'ertake me,
And dart from my back to my toes.

So if you would live to a hundred,
While free from a medical cull,
Prepare for the autumn and winter,
And ☞ buy at Goldman's Hall,
where the stock of Ready-made Clothing is fresh and full; comprising the most stylish as well as the plainest styles, and each garment gotten up so as to be very serviceable.

By all means try us, all who want good clothing cheap. LOUIS GOLDMAN.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 6, 1862.

CAME to the residence of the subscriber, in Allegheny township, about the last of October, a small BULL, supposed to be about a year old. He is a red bull, with white spots on the back and belly. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

Dec. 27, 1862—3t. JOHN YOUNG.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

JESSE WINGATE, Proprietor.
October 25, 1861.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED

—AND—

NOW OPENING

AT

PRICE'S CORNER,

Corner of Blair and Montgomery streets,

HOLLIDAYSBURG,

AND WILL BE SOLD

AT PROPORTIONABLY LOW RATES.

Those who are wise will purchase early, as nearly all kinds of goods are rapidly on the rise.

E. G. PRICE

Has just received from the Eastern Cities and is now opening a fresh stock of FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS,

Embracing every style, pattern and variety both of Gentlemen's and

LADIES' WEAR,

Together with an extensive variety of

Boots and Shoes,

OF

SUPERIOR QUALITY,

Including all descriptions of Misses' Ladies', Gentlemen's and Boys' wear, with a fine assortment of

HATS & CAPS,

WOOLEN HOODS,

RIBBONS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

CLOTH,

CASSIMERE, BLACK AND FANCY

SHAWLS

From 75 Cents to $25.

PRINTS & MUSLINS.

JUST

RECEIVED,

ALSO,

A fresh assortment of all kinds of

GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,

And all other articles usually kept in a Dry Goods, Grocery and

GENERAL VARIETY

STORE.

They Will be Sold

AT

A SMALL ADVANCE ON

First Cost,

EITHER

For Cash or most kinds of good Country Produce.

Call and examine—no trouble to show goods.

☞ Rags taken for goods or cash, in large or small quantities.

☞ The highest cash prices paid for Flour, Grain and Seeds.

2-5—3-4 E. G. PRICE.

BLANKS FOR SOLDIERS.

A T great expense and trouble we have got up (to accommodate Lawyers and others in this and the adjoining counties,) all the Blanks necessary to procure, First;

BLANK FORMS FOR

$100 Bounty and Back Pay;
Invalid Pensions;
Widows' Pensions;
Minor Children's Pensions;
Mothers' Pensions;
Sisters' Pensions.

They are beautifully printed on fine, strong paper, with marginal notes, and full printed instructions on the back of each, showing how they should be filled up in each case.

All orders accompanied with $1 or more, cash, will receive prompt attention. These Blanks are exactly in conformity with the new regulations of Government, and are approved by the Departments at Washington.

Nov. 22, 1862. THE EDITOR.

Lager Beer Saloon.

ENGLEBRETH GROMULLER,

First Door East of McNamara's Store, on Juniata Street,

WILL accomodate all with fresh Lager Beer, Ales, Sardines, Schwitzer, Segars, and Refreshments of all kinds.

Give him a call at his old and well established Saloon. Nov. 15, 1862.

HIDES! HIDES!—The very highest CASH PRICE will be paid for HIDES at the Tannery of

FRED BYERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 29, 1862.

Notice of Appeals.

THE Assessor of the 17th Collection District of Pennsylvania hereby gives notice that in pursuance of the provisions of the 15th section of the Excise Act of Congress, approved the 1st day of July, A. D., 1862, he will hold his Appeals in the counties comprising his District, as follows:

Cambria: At Ebensburg, the 15th, 16th, and 17th days of December, A. D. 1862.

For the county of Blair, at Hollidaysburg, the 19th and 20th days.

For the county of Mifflin, at Lewistown, the 23d, 24th and 25th days.

At Huntingdon, the 27th, 30th, and 31st days. To be adjourned beyond said days, if necessary.

Assistant Assessors are hereby notified to have all their returns made out in a suitable manner.

All accounts, according to a recent decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, must be made out in mercantile style, verified and receipted.

No Assessor nor Assistant Assessor is qualified to administer an oath by virtue of his office.

But one return of the property of residents of your division is necessary to be made.

The record list refers to property of non-residents. In such cases you will consult the law and follow it strictly.

The assessment books will be open at the residence of the Assistant Assessors in their several divisions, for fifteen days prior to the holding of the Appeals, for the inspection of any one interested.

THOS. P. CAMPBELL,
Nov. 29, 1862. Assessor.

Tyrone City Hotel.

THE subscriber has leased this well known first class Hotel, in the city of Tyrone, Blair county, Pa., where he is fully prepared to entertain strangers and travelers.

The public are requested to give him a trial.

ROBERT MACKLEN.
Tyrone City, June 21, 1862.

TIMBER FOR SALE.

I WILL sell the right to cut saw logs, ties, &c., on 433 acres of land within 1½ miles of Fostoria, Blair county, for one thousand dollars cash. JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 22, 1862.

HOLLIDAYSBURG POST OFFICE.

MAILS LEAVE.

MORNING—	
Philadelphia	6.50 A. M.
Eastern Way	6 50 "
Pittsburgh	6.50 "
Western Way	6.50 "
Altoona	6.50 "
Bedford	5.00 P. M.
Duncansville	5.00 "
EVENING—	
Philadelphia Through	6.30 P. M.
Harrisburg "	6.30 "
Pittsburgh "	6.30 "
Altoona "	6.30 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

MORNING—	
Philadelphia Through	9.15 A M.
Harrisburg "	9.15 "
Pittsburg "	9.15 "
Western Way	12 M.
Altoona	"
EVENING—	
Philadelphia Through	8.15 P. M.
Eastern Way	8.15 P. M.
Altoona	"

LOST

MY little Dog Fido. He followed the Martinsburg Hack, which carried part of the family, and when within about a mile of Martinsburg was assaulted by a huge member of his own species, and it is supposed was injured as he could no longer keep up. Any information of him will be thankfully received, and any one delivering him to me will be suitably rewarded. H. R. HOLSINGER.
Hollidaysburg, Jan. 10.—3t.

Dr Peter Fahrney,

PHISICIAN for Chronic Diseases,
Near Martinsburg,
Blair County,
Penn'a.

Dr. Fahrney's Celebrated Remedy for **The Blind and Bleeding Piles** can be had at this office, for 25cts. a Box, or 5 boxes for a dollar. 2—3

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.—
OFFICE OF COLLECTOR of 17th Dist., Pennsylvania, Main st., Johnstown
Notice to Distillers of Spirits, Refiners of Coal Oil and Brewers.

The attention of parties residing in the 17th District, comprising the counties of Cambria, Blair, Huntingdon and Mifflin, who are engaged in either of the above named occupations, is called to sections 39, 41, 47, 50 and 51 of the Excise Law of July 1st, 1862, wherein they are required to make monthly and tri-monthly returns and payments to the Collector of the District. The books for making returns and keeping accounts of articles produced will be furnished to parties by my deputies or the assistant assessors in their respective divisions, during the present month. I will announce the appointment of my deputy collectors in the counties of Blair, Huntingdon and Mifflin as soon as the appointments are made.

SAMUEL J ROYER, Col, 17th Dis.
Johnstown, Nov, 15, 1962

WHOLESALE ONLY.

AMERICAN STATIONERY WAREHOUSE.

JOHN J. MERRITT,

Importer, Wholesale Stationer

and Sole Agent

Windsor and Clifton Mills Premium Papers,
Consisting of Commercial Notes, Letters, Bill, Legal and Foolscaps,

No. 18 BEEKMAN STREET,
Near Nassau, New York.

Also, Proprietor and Sole Agent for the following new and useful articles:

Oliver's Patent Erasive Tips.

This Tip is different from any heretofore made, being easily fitted to any pencil; is manufactured from Vulcanized Rubber of the best erasive quality; is easily changed from one pencil to another; and sold at an extremely low price. It is the most durable article of the kind in the market.

Burnet's Patent Rubber Inkstand & Rack.

An opaque inkstand, preserving ink from the decomposing effect of light.

Green's Patent Ink Eraser and Paper Cleaner.

The best article made for rubbing out pencil marks, accomplishing the work in one-half the time of ordinary rubber.

The Patent Combination Paper Cutter and Ruler.

A new and useful article, combining in one the uses of two indispensable articles.

Platt's Patent Portable Copying Press,

A light, cheap and useful article.

Merritt & Brown's Pig Pen,

A very superior steel pen, made and selected with the greatest care, put up 2 dozen in a box, 6 boxes enclosed in another neatly finished box—the most convenient shape possible for retailing.

I have just received a full and complete assortment of the GENUINE ARNOLD'S WRITING FLUID.

The National Portrait Chess and Checker Board,

A neat, durable and cheap article for the million, comprising on the unused squares fine life-like photographic pictures of our prominent Generals and commanders; also, the President, Secretary of State, &c. The pictures alone are worth at least double the cost of the Board.

All orders will receive prompt and careful attention.

Call and examine one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Stationery in the United States. JOHN J. MERRITT,
Wholesale Stationer,
Nov. 15, 1862. 18 Beekman st., N. Y.

Office of Jay Cooke,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,

114 *SOUTH THIRD STREET,*
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Subscription Agent by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once the

New 20 Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by act of Congress, approved Feb. 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000, $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available, and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.
November 15, 1862—3m.

DR. J. J. LEVI,

of Philadelphia,

HAS located in Duncansville, Blair county, and offers his professional services as a Physician, Surgeon and Dentist. He also keeps on hand an assortment of Medicines for the accommodation of all persons desiring them.

May 3-1—28.

S. M. WOODKOK,

Attorney at Law,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties.

Having had several years' experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage.

Office on Annie street, 3 doors above the Post Office.

October 1, 1861-tf.

Carrier's Address.

January 1, 1863.

Another year with rapid course has passed,
Dear friends and patrons, since we met you last,
Another circling year whose varied round,
Our loving Father has with blessings crowned.
Seed time and harvest, Summer's suns and showers,
And stormy Winter's cold and darkened hours,
Refulgent day, like God's smiles beaming down,
And solemn night, with mystic starry crown,
Still as of old their promised course fulfil,
Kindly unheeding human good or ill,
And all rich gifts the changing seasons know,
From out His mighty hand unfailing flow.

How fleeting is time! A twelvemonth has passed—
Thought travels o'er it and o'er it again:
As sunlight it seems with shadows o'ercast—
An exquisite dream, too thrilling to last—
A commingled cup of pleasure and pain:
To the wretched an age, to childhood an hour—
One year is the tithe of humanity's dower.

But not to impose on your patience or time,
With this my imperfect, though heart-feeling rhyme,
I'll leave you to ponder on time's fleeting ways,
By dull evening hours or on lone Sabbath days.
And now on another dark course we will turn,
Which if we are patriots will make our blood burn.

Our country has suffered by traitorous hands,
Who are formed into armies and murderous bands;
And many a brave soldier has laid down his life,
By assisting his country to end this great strife.
This glorious country the land of our birth,
A better than which there is not upon earth—
Being bought by the blood of our forefathers brave,
Who have left it to us and gone to the grave,
Must not be dishonored by this cruel band,
But should be supported by every sound hand,
Who breathes the pure air of this blessed land.
Then rise up brave hearts your energy lend
Your homes to protect, your nation defend,
Let treason be vanquished and liberty reign
And every proud rebel be conquered or slain.

To the year of our Lord eighteen sixty-two
Let us bid a most hearty and willing adieu,
Let it not be respected by us any more,
But follow the other bad years of before.
It does not deserve this great nation's thanks,
Since it has played upon us such unmerciful pranks—
It has pinched our poor, and slain their friends,
I am sure they are happy that such a year ends.
Yet thanks to our stars, thou old dying year,
Three excellent friends will still remain here,
The Bible, the Whig, and the sun's beaming ray,
Then old cruel year jog on thy way.

Kind readers of the *Whig*, our plea you've heard,
We pray you listen to our parting word—
Alike through winter's storms and summer's heat,
We've brought the riches of our teeming sheet;
We've served you well through all the changing year,
And now the time has come for festal cheer,
You'll not forget a trifle to bestow—
Better to give than to receive you know,
So shall the richer blessings with you stay,
And we enjoy a happy
NEW YEAR'S DAY.

☞ It is a vain thing for you to stick your finger in the water, and, pulling it out, look for a hole; it is equally vain to suppose that, however large a space you occupy, the world will miss you when you die.

Last line pied.

FRED. W. RAUCH

RETURNS his sincere thanks to his Altoona friends for their custom whilst residing in their midst, and now informs them and the people of Hollidaysburg and Blair county, that he has resumed business again at his old Brewery, in Hollidaysburg, where he will be pleased to accommodate them all with the best article of Lager and other Beer, in large or small quantities.

Dealers, as well as individuals who indulge in the "beverage," are invited to give him a call at his Saloon, and sample his "malt."

November 15, 1862.

GREAT BOOKS IN PRESS.

Thrilling Incidents
OF THE
GREAT REBELLION.
OR,
The Heroism of our Soldiers and Sailors.
ILLUSTRATED.

1 vol., large 12mo. Price $1,25.

THE critics and the public are right in predicting that this will surpass, in graphic narrative, exciting interest, and extensive popularity, all other histories of the War for the Union. Its theme will be the heroic daring, patient suffering, and hair-breadth escapes of our soldiers and sailors, and ts incidents will form the theme of conversation at innumerable firesides for years to come. It will contain, in addition to its stirring details, the philosophical Analysis of the Causes o the War, by JOHN LATHROP MOTLEY, LL.D., Author of the "Rise of the Dutch Republic," etc., the dates of all the important events from the John Brown raid, and an accurate and revised account of the principal battles, with engravings.

One-third the proceeds of all Subscriptions sent direct to us will be given for the Relief of Disabled Soldiers, and all persons who wish a copy of the work, and also to benefit the soldiers, should send their names and address at once. Also, any officer or private, or person in any section of the country, having knowledge of a heroic act or stirring incident, will oblige us by sending us an account of it.

Booksellers, Postmasters, and Canvassing Agents will be furnished with a Subscription Prospectus, on application to the Pub lishers.

☞ A liberal commission given to soldiers desiring to act as agents in taking subscriptions.

II.

THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURES, FROM 1608 to 1860. By Dr. J. Leander Bishop. 2 vols., 8vo. Vol. 1. now ready, Vol. II. nearly ready.

This is probably the largest and most important work now in the American press.

We have also just published new editions of the following useful and popular books:

THE BUSINESS MAN'S LEGAL ADVISER; or, How to Save Money by Conducting Business according to Law, as expounded by the best and latest Authorities. 400 pp., sheep. Price $1.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDUSTRY; or, A THOUSAND CHANCES TO MAKE MONEY. Cloth, $1. This has been republished in England.

Every business man and clerk should have these books. They will pay the buyer a hundred fold. Every parent should get them for their sons.

All these books are mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. We pay particular attention to mailing books, wrapping them carefully, and will procure and send, postpaid, any book any where, on receipt of publishers' price and six stamps. Address

FREEDLEY & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

PIANOS.—Persons who wish to buy a Piano of the best makers will be shown how they can save a handsome sum in the purchase, if they address Piano, care of Joy, Coe & Co., Publishers' Agents, New York P. O. 1—20.

TEETH—TEETH.

DR. S. KIMMELL, DENTIST, will insert TEETH on pivot, Gold plate, Silver plate, and the Vulcanite base from one, to a full set, on the most reasonable terms. Everything warranted. Gold fillings warranted for forty years.

Office opposite to the Exchange Hotel.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 15. 1861.

Bank Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned, citizens of Pennsylvania, have eformd an association for the purpose of establishig a Bank of issue, discount, and deposit, under the provisions of the Act entitled "A supplement to an Act to establish a system of free banking in Pennsylvania, and to secure the public against loss from insolvent Banks," approved the first day of May, A. D. 1861, to be called

BLAIR COUNTY BANK.

To be located in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, and County of Blair, to consist of a capital of fifty thousand dollars, in shares of fifty dollars each with the privilege of increasing the same to any amount not exceeding in all two hundred thousand dollars.

ALEX. JOHNSTON,
JOHN G. MILES,
ESSINGTON HAMMOND,
JAMES GARDNER,
R. R. BRYAN.

Hollidaysburg, July 12, 1862—6m.

COAL LANDS For Sale.—I offer at private sale a very valuable tract of coal land situate on the Allegheny Mountain, adjoining the Tunnel coal mines, on the South, Bennington lands on the East, Hutchison & Co.'s coal mines on the North, warranted in the name of Timothy Lewis, and containing 418 acres.

This land is very desirable to any person wishing to go into the coal business, as it aounds in excellent Bituminous coal, and is ear the Pennsylvania Railroad.—It will be sold cheap.

Nov. 8, 1862. THE EDITOR.

"THE MATTHEWS FARM."

I OFFER at private sale 32 acres of land situate near Coleman's Mill, in Logan township, below Altoona, on which are erected a good log house and stable and other improvements. About twenty acres cleared and under fence, a good spring of water at the door, a good meadow, &c. It is known as the "Matthews Farm." THE EDITOR.

November 15, 1862.

Friends & Relatives
OF THE
Brave Soldiers and Sailors.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

ALL who have friends and relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never failing friend in the hour of need,

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops.

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick *H*eadaches and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from touble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue.

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentary and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however disranged, while health anstrength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels ad sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers *A*ttention! Indiscretions of Youth.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre or the Bullet, Sores and Bruises.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his Knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a *Water mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf* to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. 1—25

STEAM SAW-MILL.—I will sell, at private sale, my new and elegant Portable Steam Circular Saw Mill, Engine, Boilers, Lath Mill, &c., &c., known as the "Tub Spring Mills," because the most of the timber close to them is exhausted.

Oct. 14, 1862. JOHN BROTHERLINE.

BLAIR COUNTY MUTUAL PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY will insure property of all descriptions as cheaply as any other safe company. This company has been in operation nearly ten years, during which time it has insured property to the amount of ONE MILLION DOLLARS, yet its affairs have been managed with so much safety and economy that but four assessments have been laid on Premium Notes in the ten years. For an insurance of one thousand dollars for that time the average expense per year has been $2,50; as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other mutual company.

OFFICERS: R. A. McMURTRIE, President; THAD. BANKS, Vice President; John Dean, Secretary.

AGENTS: D. T. Caldwell, Altoona; R. A. McCoy, Ebensburg; Daniel Hicks, Duncansville, N. Campbell, Martinsburg; Robt. Waring, Tyrone city. 1—25

JOHN BROTHERLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

DENTAL REMEDIES

ARE
THE BEST IN THE WORLD,
INSURING
FINE TEETH AND A SWEET BREATH,
AND
Curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

DO you wish to be blessed with and admired for PEARLY WHITE and Sound TEETH? Use Dr. WM. B. HURD'S UNRIVALLED TOOTH POWDER, warranted free from acid, alkali, or any injurious substance. Price 25 cents per box.

☞ Beware of the ordinary cheap Tooth Powders, which whiten but destroy.

Do you wish to be certain that your BREATH is pure, sweet, and agreeable to husband or wife, lover or friends? Use Dr. HURD'S CELEBRATED MOUTH WASH. Price 37 cents per bottle.

This astringent wash is also the best remedy in the world for CANKER, BAD BREATH, BLEEDING GUMS, SORE MOUTH, etc. It has cured hundreds.

Do you, or your children suffer from TOOTHACHE? Get Dr. HURD'S MAGIC TOOTHACHE DROPS. Price, 15 cents per bottle.

Are you afflicted with NEURALGIA? Get Dr. W. B. HURD'S NEURALGIA PLASTERS. The most effective and delightful remedy known.

They do not adhere nor blister, but soothe and charm pain away. Try them. Price, 18 and 37 cents. Mailed on receipt of price.

Do you wish a complete set of DENTAL REMEDIES and a TREATISE ON PRESERVING TEETH? Get DR. W. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY, the neatest and most valuable present that one friend can make to another. Price, $1. Sent by Express on receipt of price.

For sale at all the best stores throughout the country.

CAUTION.—As there are dealers who take advantage of our advertisements to impose upon their customers inferior preparations, it is necessary to insist upon what you call for, and you will GET THE BEST, thoroughly tested, and prepared by an experienced and scientific Dentist, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and Vice President of the New York City Dental Society.

Address
WM. B. HURD & CO, New York.

NEW FIRM!
New Store!---New Goods!
AND PLENTY OF THEM!

FRANK McCOY & Co.,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Hollidaysburg, Gaysport and vicinity, that they have taken the large store room on the north side of the Diamond, Hollidaysburg, where they have just opened a large and entirely new stock of

DRESS GOODS,

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most fashionable patterns. Also, a complete assortment of

DOMESTIC & HOUSE-FURNISHING

GOODS,

which they deem it unnecessary to enumerate.

BOOTS & SHOES,

of every style and price for Ladies, Misses, Children, Men and Boys.

Family Flour, Groceries and Provisions, always on hand at the lowest prices.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods and the highest market price allowed.

Call and examine our stock and be convinced that we have the largest, cheapest and best assortment of goods in the market.

Hollidaysburg, Nov. 1, 1862—1y.

A. J. WOLFE,

CABINET-MAKER
AND UNDERTAKER,
Corner of Allegheny and Front Streets
HOLLIDAYSBURG.

FURNITURE of all descriptions always on hand or made to order.

☞ Coffins made to order, and a HEARSE furnished free in town and country.

Hollidaysburg, May 31, 1862,

SIGEL SALOON.

JOS. FOGLE, Proprietor
In the Brick Building on Blair Street, near the Rail Road Depot.

'One Flag—One Country—Zwei Lager!'

FRESH LAGER, ALES, Sardines, Shweizer, Segars, and Refreshment of all kinds. Everybody and their friends are respectfully invited to give him a call. [Jan. 3d, 1862. tf.]

TRUSSES.

RUPTURE CAN BE CURED BY A TRUSS OF THE RIGHT KIND, IF PROPERLY FITTED AND DULY ATTENDED TO. This has been abundantly demonstrated in innumerable instances by the use of the MULTIPEDAL TRUSS of DR. RIGGS, during the last few years. This Truss being covered with Hard Rubber, is perfectly waterproof, may be used in bathing, and is always cleanly as well as indestructible by ordinary usage. If not satisfactory after a fair trial of sixty days, it may be returned. It challenges comparison with any Truss known.

Dr. RIGGS' Office, No. 2 Barclay st., New York. Nov, 15, 1862.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.—I hereby give notice that I have appointed, as my Assistants, for the 17th Assessment District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

Division 1st. *S. G. Whittaker*, Huntingdon borough, Oneida, Henderson and Brady townships. P. O., Huntingdon.

2d. *Joseph Johnston*, West, Barree, Jackson and Petersburg borough. P. O., Petersburg.

3d. *Horace L. Brown*, Cassville borough, Cass, Tod, Springfield and Clay townships. P. O., Cassville.

4th. *John Garner*, Penn, Hopewell and Juniata. P. O., James Creek.

5th. *John Huyett*, Walker, Porter and Morris townships, and Alexandria borough. P. O., Alexandria.

6th. *Levi Evans*, Carbon township. P. O., Coalmont.

7th. *John R. Stonebraker*, Franklin and Warriorsmark twps. P. O., Colerain Forges.

8th. *Benj. Lutz*, Mt. Union and Shirleysburg boroughs, Union, Shirley, Cromwell, Dublin and Tell townships. P. O., Shirleysburg.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

9th. *Jos. Milliken*, borough of Lewistown, Derry, Decatur, Granville, Bratton, Oliver, and Wayne townships, McVeytown and Newton Hamilton boroughs. P. O., Lewistown.

10th *Robt. Sterrett*, Armagh, Old and New Brown, Union and Menno townships. P. O., Reedsville.

BLAIR COUNTY.

11th. *C. Blythe Jones*, For all that part of Blair township and of Hollidaysburg and Gaysport boroughs southward of the turnpike and to the westward of the Hollidaysburg branch of the Penna. R. R., and that part of Freedom township eastward of the road leading from Hollidaysburg to Claysburg, and all of Taylor and Greenfield townships. P. O., Hollidaysburg.

12th. *Daniel C. Gibboney*, all that part of Allegheny township westward of the Hollidaysburg branch of the Penna. R. R., all of Juniata township, that part of Freedom township west of the Claysburg road.

13th. *Samuel Smith*, Frankstown, Catharine and Tyrone townships.

14th. *Robert Alexander*, Woodberry, Huston and North Woodberry townships.

15th. *George W. Russ*, Snyder, Antis and Logan townships, and that part of Allegheny township eastward of the Hollidaysburg branch of the Penna. R. R., and that part of Blair township and Hollidaysburg and Gaysport boroughs northward of the turnpike and eastward of the Hollidaysburg branch of the Penna. R. R. and Altoona bor'h. P. O., Hollidaysburg.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

16th. *John M. Bowman*, Johnstown to Cambria City, Millville and Conemaugh borough. P. O., Johnstown.

17th. *Samuel Singer*, Conemaugh, Yoder and Taylor townships. P. O., Johnstown.

18th. *Jos. Miller*, Croyle, Richland, and Summerhill townships, and Wilmore borough. P. O., Wilmore.

19th. *John Elder*, White and Chest townships. P. O., Carrolton.

20th. *Dr. G. W. Strohecker*, Clearfield township and Chest Springs borough. P. O., Chest Springs.

21st. *Newton J. Roberts*, Cambria township and Ebensburg borough. P. O., Ebensburg.

22d. *James Conrad*, Munster and Washington townships. P. O., Hemlock.

23d. *Timothy R. Davis*, Jackson and Black Lick townships. P. O., Ebensburg.

24th. *Hugh McCay*, Gallitzen, Loretto, and Summit boroughs, and Allegheny tp. P. O., Loretto.

25th. *John Porter*, Carroll and Susquehanna townships and Carrollton borough. P. O., Newman's Mills.

The foregoing names and districts are made by me for the present assessment. No lands are to be taxed at all, nor any property not specially mentioned in the act which is intended to reach only wealth and luxuries. I especially instruct my Assistants to be kind to our people in assessing these taxes, as our sons and brothers are fighting together in a field more dangerous than we occupy at home. And no matter what may be said by rebels in our midst, or rebel sympathizers, let them keep their temper and report the cases to me.

Any instructions needed will be always given by return of mail, and personally, if called upon.

The Assessor would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of the 17th Assessment District to section 6th, of the Excise Law:

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of any person or persons, partnerships, firms, associations, or corporations made liable to any duty, license, stamp or tax imposed by this act, when not otherwise and differently provided for, on or before the first day of August, A. D., 1862, (extended to the first day of September, A. D., 1862,) and on or before the first Monday of May in each year, and in all other cases before the day of levy, to make a list or return to the Assistant Assessor of the district where located, of the amount of annual income, the articles or objects charged with a special duty or tax, the quantity of goods, wares and merchandise made or sold, and charged with a specific or ad valorem duty or tax, the several rates and aggregate amount according to the respective provisions of this act, and according to the forms and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for which such person or persons, partnerships, firms, associations, or corporations are liable to be assessed under and by virtue of the provisions of this act.

The Assessor will have his office in that of Judge Taylor's, in the same building, and rear of J. S. Stewart's office. Office hours from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m.

THOS. P. CAMPBELL,
Assessor for 17th Ass't Dis't of Pa.
October 18th, 1862.

FARMS FOR THE POOR MAN.

The subscriber offers at private sale, the balance of his lands in "THE KETTLE," near Altoona, at $5 per acre, payable in twenty years or less, with interest. He will sell any number of acres the purchaser may desire.—The soil is very good—scarcely second to the best in Blair county.

JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Oct. 15th, 1862.

SAMUEL S. BLAIR.....JOHN DEAN.

BLAIR & DEAN,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Hollidaysburg, Blair County, Pa.,
Oct. 18, '61

THE HOUSEKEEPERS'

NEW FURNITURE POLISH.

PREPARED from an improved receipt by the proprietor of the "BROTHER JONATHAN POLISH," is certified by all the leading New York Furniture Dealers and Piano Forte Makers to be the best in the world for Removing Scratches, Marks and Dirt, and restoring a high and lasting gloss to all kinds of Varnished work, from Furniture to Leather. It is cheaper and better than Varnish, dries immediately, and is easily applied. With a piece of Canton Flannel and a bottle or two of this NEW FURNITURE POLISH, a housekeeper can work magic in the furniture of a house and keep it looking like new. Now is the time to "shine up" your Tables, Chairs, Desks, Pianos, Picture Frames, Carriages, etc., and make them look 50 per cent. better. This is true economy. For sale by Furniture Dealers and Storekeepers generally. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Depot No. 1 Spruce Street, N. Y. Special Agents wanted. Address Box 1972, New York P. O. July 12, 1862.

Kollock's Dandelion Coffee.

THIS PREPARATION, MADE FROM THE best Java Coffee, is recommended by the hysicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

Kollock's Levain.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and cakes. Price 15 cents.

MANUFACTURED BY
M. H. Kollock, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
Feb. 28, 1862—1y.

Iron and Nails!

THE subscribers having leased the PORTAGE IRON WORKS for a number of years, will keep on hand and for sale at all times, in large or small quantities,

FLAT,
ROUND, AND
BAR IRON,
HOOP, OVAL,
HALF OVAL,
and SHEET IRON.

ALSO—Nails, Brads, Spikes, and Fence Nails, all of which they will sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State.

From our long experience in the business, we doubt not that we shall be able to render satisfaction to all who may be pleased to send us orders. RICHARDS, JOY & CO.

Duncansville, May 3—1-28

$40 WAGES PAID $100

TO sell goods for the ADAMS SEWING MACHINE COMPANY. We will give a commission on all good ssold by our Agents, or pay wages at from $40 to $100 per month, and pay all necessary expenses. Our machine is perfect in its mechanism. A child can learn to operate it by half an hour's instruction! It is equal to any Family Sewing Machine in use, and we have *reduced* the price to Fifteen Dollars.

Each Machine is warranted for three years.
Address C. RUGGLES,
June 21. Gen. Agt., Detroit, Mich.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.

For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed afflicted with Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address Dr. J. SKILLAN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 1-25

FOR RENT.—The Tub Spring Mills Call on the Editor.

FARM TO LET.—I will rent a farm of one hundred acres, with the improvements, orchard, &c., including a saw mill, situate on Mill Run, two and a half miles west of Altoona.

ALSO—I will sell 800 acres of the land adjoining it, in lots of 50 or 100 acres, to suit purchasers, on easy terms.

Oct. 4, 1862. JOHN BROTHERLINE.

Steam Engine.

WE HAVE AUTHORITY TO SELL A Complete STEAM ENGINE of twelve or fifteen horse-power, suitable for a saw or flouring mill. No boilers. It is in town. Price $500. Payment to suit the purchaser. Inquire of the Editor. Oct. 21, 1862.—tf

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TERMS.

The WHIG is published every Saturday morning, at $2 per annum; if paid in advance, $1,50 will be accepted for one year. $1 for six months.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid. A failure to notify discontinuance at the end of the time subscribed for will be considered a new engagement.

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	One insertion.	Two do.	Three do
6 lines or less.	$0 25	$0 37½	$0 50
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2 squares (24 lines.)	1 00	1 50	2 00
3 squares (36 lines.)	1 50	2 25	3 00
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6 lines or less,	$1 50	$3 00	$5 00
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One column,	15 00	22 00	35 00

☞ Over three weeks and less than three months; 25 cts. per square for each insertion.

☞ No reports, resolutions or proceedings of any corporation, society, association, and no communication designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest can be inserted unless paid for as an advertisement.

☞ Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid, and charged according to these terms.